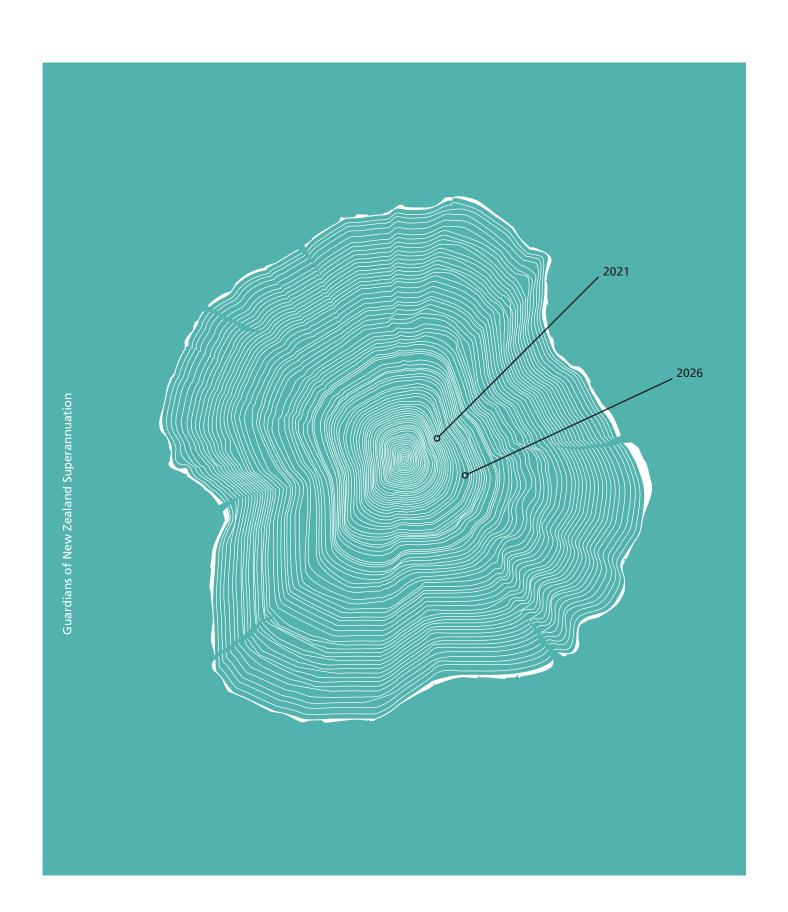
Statement of Intent Tauākī Whāinga

For the period commencing 01 July $\mathbf{2021}$ // 30 June $\mathbf{2026}$







| 01 | 08 |
|---|---|
| Foreword from the Board Chair He Kupu Whakataki nā te Toihau o te Poari 01 | Outcome Framework Te Anga Putanga |
| Part 1: NZ Super Fund | 09 |
| 02 | Measuring our Performance Te Ine i ngā Mahi |
| Introduction He Kupu Whakataki | Part 3: Legal Disclosures |
| 03 | 10 |
| Strategic Direction Te Ahunga Rautaki | Transparency and Reporting to the Minister Te Noho Tuwhera me te Tuku Pūrongo ki te Minita 22 |
| 04 | 11 |
| Outcome Framework Te Anga Putanga | Acquisitions Ngā Hokonga Mai |
| 05 | |
| Measuring our Performance Te Ine i ngā Mahi10 | |
| Part 2: Elevate NZ Venture Fund | |
| 06 | |
| Introduction He Kupu Whakataki17 | |
| 07 | |
| Strategic Direction Te Ahunga Rautaki | |

Foreword from the Board Chair

He Kupu Whakataki nā te Toihau o te Poari

E rekareka nei taku ngākau ki te tāpae i tā Ngā Kaitiaki o te Penihana Kaumātua o Aotearoa Tauākī Whāinga (SOI) mō ngā tau atu i te 2021 ki te 2026. Kei roto i tēnei Tauākī Whāinga ngā whāinga rautaki a Ngā Kaitiaki me ngā mahi o ngā tau kei tua o te pae tata e hāngai ana ki ana take whai mana kōkiri e rua: ko te Tahua Penihana Kaumātua o Aotearoa me te Tahua mō ngā Kaupapa Hou hei Hāpai i a Aotearoa. Hei āwhina i ō mātou hunga whai pānga kia mārama ki te rerekētanga o ngā tahua e rua, kua wehea e mātou tēnei puka ki ngā wāhanga e rua. Whakaata ai tēnei i ngā putanga rerekē o ngā tahua e rua, tae atu ki ngā inenga i whakamahia rā hei arotake i te āhua o tā Ngā Kaitiaki whakatinana i aua putanga. E āpitihia ana ki tēnei Tauākī Whāinga (SOI) tētahi puka motuhake e kīia ana ko te Tauākī o ngā Herenga ā-Mahi.

Mō te āhua ki te Tahua Penihana Kaumātua o Aotearoa, e ākina tonuhia ana mātou e tā mātou whāinga — kia nui rawa atu ngā hua haumi ka hoki mai ki te Tahua, me te kore i noho mōrearea noa, kia whakahekea ai te taumahatanga o ngā tāke hei pīkau mā ngā whakatupuranga o anamata. E whakaata ana tā mātou rautaki i taua arotahi ki te pae tawhiti nei, ā, e noho hāngai tonu ana ki ngā Tauākī Whāinga o mua.

Mai i te tīmatanga o ngā mahi haumi i te tau 2003, kua hoki mai ki te Tahua te 10.44% i te tau, ā, kei runga tēnei i ngā paeraro ā-pūtea mō ngā tau roa, e whakaatuhia ana i roto i te ripanga e whai ake nei. Ka whakamāramahia aua paeraro i ngā whārangi o muri kei te pukapuka nei. I runga i te pae tawhiti o te haumi pūtea me te āhua o ana rawa teretere, he nui tonu ngā rawa whakatupu haumi kua hokona e te Tahua Penihana Kaumātua o Aotearoa, ā, e haumi nei te Tahua i runga i te ātete, tē whai noa ai i tā te marea e haumi ai, i te wā ka puare ake he huarahi e tika ana.

Ko te kaupapa mātāmua o te Tahua mō ngā Kaupapa Hou hei Hāpai i a Aotearoa, ko te whāngai rawa ki tētahi ōhanga ka ora tautini, e whakaputa hua ana anō hoki, mā te whakapiki i te nui o ngā pūtea mō ngā kaupapa hou, i te tuatahi, ki ngā kamupene māhuri o Aotearoa, otirā ki ērā kua neke atu i te wāhi o te kamupene hou, o te kaihaumi anahera rānei ki te pūtea mō ngā kaupapa hou o te Huinga A me te B.

I am pleased to present the Guardians of New Zealand Superannuation's 2021 – 2026 Statement of Intent (SOI). This SOI covers the Guardians' strategic intentions and mediumterm undertakings with respect to its two mandates: the NZ Super Fund and Elevate NZ Venture Fund. To help our stakeholders understand the difference between the two funds, we have separated this document into two sections. This reflects the differing outcomes of the two funds, as well as the measures used to assess the Guardians' performance in delivering on those outcomes. A separate Statement of Performance Expectations document supplements this SOI.

With respect to the NZ Super Fund, we continue to be driven by our mission - to maximise the Fund's return over the longterm without undue risk, so as to reduce future New Zealanders' tax burden. Our strategy reflects this long-term focus and remains consistent with previous SOIs.

Since investing began in 2003, the NZ Super Fund has returned 10.44% p.a. and is, as the following table shows, ahead of its long-term performance benchmarks. These benchmarks are explained later in this document. In keeping with its long-term investment horizon and known liquidity profile, the NZ Super Fund is heavily weighted towards growth assets, and acts as a contrarian, counter-cyclical investor when appropriate opportunities arise.

The primary purpose of the Elevate NZ Venture Fund is to contribute to a sustainable and productive economy, initially by increasing the venture capital available to early-stage New Zealand companies, in particular those that have moved beyond the start-up or angel investor stage to Series A and B venture capital.

Ko te whāinga tauroa o te tahua, ko te āwhina i ngā kamupene pihinga e auaha ana kia tupu hei pakihi angitu ka ora tautini; ko te whakatenatena i te wātea mai o ngā pūtea mō ngā kaupapa hou i ētahi atu puna; ko te whakawhanake hoki i te taiao whakapihi kamupene i Aotearoa.

Ko tā Ngā Kaitiaki mahi, e hāngai ana ki te Tahua mō ngā Kaupapa Hou hei Hāpai i a Aotearoa, he ārahi i runga i te mana hautū, he aromātai hoki i te kaiwhakahaere o te tahua, i a New Zealand Growth Capital Partners Limited (NZGCP), e whakaūngia ai tana whai i ngā tikanga pai katoa o ngā paerewa whakahaere haumitanga, i te horopaki o te haumitanga ā- whakahaere ki ngā papa tauhokohoko ā-pūtea mō ngā kaupapa hou o Aotearoa.

Ko te haepapa o NZGCP, ko te toha pūtea ki ngā kaiwhakahaere tahua kia ōrite ai ki te haumitanga a te rāngai tūmataiti, hei toha mā rātou ki ngā kamupene whiwhi haumitanga. E whakaatahia ana tēnei tohanga o ngā haepapa i te paeraro ā-pūtea kei ngā whārangi o muri i tēnei puka.

Kāore e rerekē ana te mahi matua i whakatūria ai a Ngā Kaitiaki, ā, e motuhake ana te whakahaerehia o te Tahua mō ngā Kaupapa Hou hei Hāpai i a Aotearoa i te Tahua Penihana Kaumātua o Aotearoa. E tau pai ana te mana hautū, ngā tāngata me ngā pūnaha a Ngā Kaitiaki ki te whakatutuki i ana haepapa i ngā tahua e rua i runga i ngā tikanga ā-ao e pai katoa ana, i te horopaki o ngā papa tauhokohoko kei reira rā ā rātou haumitanga.

E ngākau titikaha tonu ana te Poari o Ngā Kaitiaki ki te whakatutuki i āna mahi i whakatūria ai ia. Ka rere tonu ā mātou rautaki haumi mō te pae tawhiti, te āhua o tā mātou titiro ki te mana hautū e arataki nei i tā te ao whānui me te ū ki te puata, i a mātou ka whai ki te whakatutuki i tō mātou haepapa ki te kāwanatanga, ki ngā tāngata katoa hoki o Aotearoa.

The long-term objective of the fund is to help young, innovative companies to grow into successful and sustainable businesses, encourage the availability of more venture capital from other sources, and to develop the early stage ecosystem in New Zealand.

The Guardians' role with respect to the Elevate NZ Venture Fund is to provide governance and oversight of the fund's manager, New Zealand Growth Capital Partners Limited (NZGCP), in order to ensure that it employs best practice investment management standards, in the context of institutional investment in New Zealand's venture capital markets

It is NZGCP's responsibility to allocate funds to fund managers to match private sector investment, which will in turn deploy it to investee companies. The performance benchmark outlined later in this document reflects this allocation of responsibilities.

The principal mandate of the Guardians remains unchanged, and the Elevate NZ Venture Fund is run separately from the NZ Super Fund. The Guardians' governance, people and systems are well-placed to fulfil its responsibilities to both funds in line with global best-practice, in the context of the markets in which they are invested.

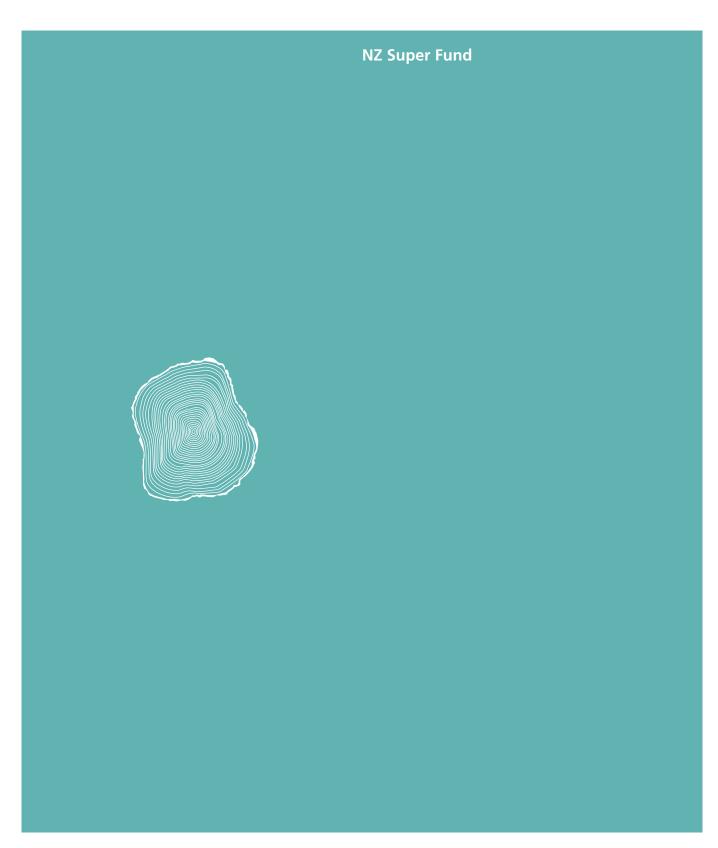
The Guardians' Board remains committed to achieving its mandates. Our long-term investment strategies, world leading approach to governance and commitment to transparency will continue as we work to fulfil our responsibility to the government and to New Zealanders.



CATHERINE DRAYTON, CHAIR

| | Since inception (Sept | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| NZ Super Fund performance as at 31 March 2021 | 2003) | Last ten years | Last five years |
| Actual Returns | 10.44% | 12.50% | 12.98% |
| Reference Portfolio Return | 9.24% | 10.50% | 11.90% |
| Estimated \$ earned over and above Reference Portfolio | \$9.66 billion | \$9.09 billion | \$2.44 billion |
| 90-day Treasury Bill return | 3.57% | 2.03% | 1.36% |
| 90-day Treasury Bill return + 2.8% | 6.37% | 4.83% | 4.16% |
| Estimated \$ earned over and above 90-day Treasury Bill return | \$35.50 billion | \$33.14 billion | \$22.00 billion |

01



Introduction

He Kupu Whakataki

New Zealand's population is ageing. Over the next few decades, there will be proportionally fewer taxpayers of working age to support those people receiving national superannuation. These demographic changes mean that future generations face a much higher tax burden than that carried by today's taxpayers.

These projections have significant implications for future governments' ability to fund other vital areas such as health, welfare, education and law enforcement.

HOW DOES THE NZ SUPER FUND FIT IN?

To help reduce the burden on future generations, the New Zealand Superannuation and Retirement Income Act 2001 established:

- the New Zealand Superannuation Fund (the Fund), a pool of assets on the Crown's balance sheet; and
- the Guardians of New Zealand Superannuation (the Guardians), a Crown entity charged with managing the

Between 2003 and 2009, the Government contributed NZD14.88 billion to the Fund. Contributions were suspended in 2009 and restarted in December 2017. Since then, the Government has contributed an additional NZD4.55 billion to the Fund (as at 31 March 2021).

The Government is expected to begin its capital withdrawals from the Fund in 2035 (with sustained withdrawals to begin in 2053). At the peak of its size in 2071, the Government's capital withdrawals from the Fund, as well as the Fund's tax payments, are expected to cover 20.5% of the total cost of New Zealand superannuation.

HOW DO WE REFLECT THIS IN OUR STATEMENT OF INTENT?

We think of it this way:

- 1. The NZ Super Fund is a special-purpose savings vehicle that partially covers the future cost of New Zealand Superannuation. Over the long-term, the NZ Super Fund is also expected to add to Crown wealth by earning more for the Government in investment returns than the Government would save in debt servicing. The NZ Super Fund therefore adds to Crown wealth, improves the ability of future governments to meet increased superannuation commitments and ultimately reduces the tax burden on future generations of New Zealanders. This is the NZ Super Fund's long-term outcome, which we have framed for shorter-term measurement in our Outcome Framework on page 9.
- Under the New Zealand Superannuation and Retirement Income Act 2001 the Guardians must invest the NZ Super Fund on a prudent, commercial basis and, in doing so, must manage and administer the Fund in a manner consistent with:
 - best-practice portfolio management;
 - maximising return without undue risk; and
 - avoiding prejudice to New Zealand's reputation as a responsible member of the world community.

In this Statement of Intent we frame our output as simply 'managing the funds'. This is captured in the Outcome Framework on page 9.

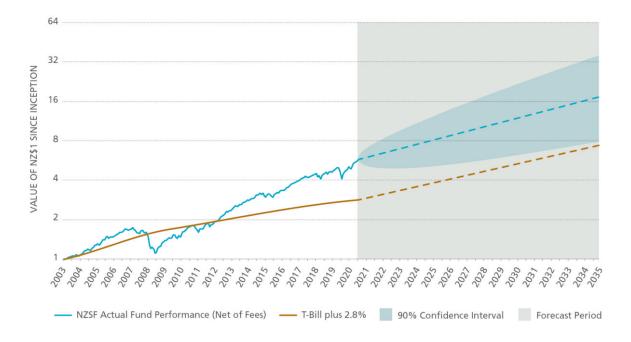
LONG-TERM PURPOSE

This graph plots actual and forecast NZ Super Fund performance relative to our expectation that the NZ Super Fund will outperform a benchmark of the risk-free rate of return (as measured by 90-day Treasury Bills) by at least 2.8% p.a. averaged over rolling 20 year periods. The 2.8% represents the assumed long-run equilibrium risk premium expected to be earned on a portfolio with the same amount of market risk exposure as the Reference Portfolio. The graph shows expected returns through to 2035, when the first withdrawals are expected to take place.

For the future period to 2035, a forecast projection of the Fund's return is used based on our equilibrium long-run return expectations. For any future date, there is substantial forecast uncertainty given the nature of market returns. We expect that 90% of possible outcomes would fall within the range indicated by the confidence interval shown on the graph. For the period the NZ Super Fund has been invested, the benchmark uses the actual risk-free rate of return.

Historically the Fund has exceeded its performance expectation. However, it is still early days relative to the Fund's long-term purpose and as the graph illustrates, there can be considerable uncertainty around future returns as a result of large short-term market movements. For a long-horizon investor like ourselves, the ability to weather such movements is key to fulfilling our purpose.

ACTUAL AND FORECAST NZ SUPER FUND PERFORMANCE TO 2035



WHAT OTHER CONTEXTUAL CONSIDERATIONS ARE IMPORTANT?

The Guardians' activities and profile in New Zealand are important for a number of reasons. In 2009 we received a directive from the Minister of Finance requiring us to actively identify and consider opportunities to increase the allocation of New Zealand assets in the NZ Super Fund, subject to our mandated duty to invest on a commercial, prudent basis. From an investment perspective, we see New Zealand as a market we should have an advantage in; and it is an important part of our search for new opportunities. From an organisational perspective, it also makes sense to work closely with other Crown Financial Institutions. We also see a significant benefit in ensuring our key domestic stakeholders have easy access to information about our activities, investment processes and Fund performance.

We also place a high priority on responsible investment, consistent with our mandate to adopt best practice portfolio management and avoid prejudice to New Zealand's reputation as a responsible member of the world community. We believe environmental, social and governance factors, including climate change, are fundamental to long-term risk and return. It is therefore important that our investment strategies take relevant regulatory, market, reputational and operational risks and opportunities into account.

Environmental, social and governance considerations are integrated into investment decisions and our voting and engagement programme encourages companies to apply good stewardship in these areas.

Strategic Direction

Te Ahunga Rautaki

BEST PORTFOLIO

Best Portfolio refers to the suite of activities that are aimed at ensuring the most cost-effective and fit-for-purpose portfolio.

By cost-effective we mean that we pay minimum cost for pure market exposure and only pay more if we have a high level of confidence of value being added. It also means we have an efficient business model and understand the optimal trade-off between internal and external service delivery.

Fit-for-purpose means that the portfolio will maximise the NZ Super Fund's return net of costs without undue risk and according to responsible investment principles. Our approach to responsible investment is outlined in the Guardians' Responsible Investment Framework.

What does success look like in 2026?

- Single top-down view across a range of opportunities
- Greater internal capability in identifying opportunities
- Structured and consistent opportunistic investing
- Broad assessment of access points
- Institutionalised systematic monitoring of strategies and managers
- Best practice governance, responsible investment, enterprise risk management (investment and noninvestment), data and information management
- Integration of environmental, social and governance factors into investment decisions
- Active membership of influential global forums
- Coordinated programme of engagement and collaboration with international and domestic parties

What does success look like over the long-term?

- Appropriate risk appetite for our purpose
- Active investment (value add) flexibility; a fund that exhibits more breadth in its active risk positions (i.e. it is robust to a variety of views and assumptions)
- Disciplined by the Reference Portfolio, operating model and risk budgets; strong use of endowments
- Consistent with the operating model and need for scalability, the NZ Super Fund will continue to be simpler and seek closer proximity to underlying opportunities

- Clear on delegations, risk management, themes, liquidity and beliefs
- Single focus of fund; Single fund approach
- Strategies remain agreed and understood by Board
- Extending our reach through peers and external managers; key relationships mapped and owned
- Extensive, but focused, relationships with Crown Financial Institutions and external peers
- Identifying and creating opportunities for investment with lwi and other domestic partners
- Best practice ESG and Responsible Investment strategies integrated into investment processes; Leadership in best practice governance

BUILDING AND MAINTAINING A GREAT TEAM

Achieving our long-term purpose will require strong leadership; a shared understanding among staff of our mission and values; and talented, committed people with access to quality data, systems and tools.

In particular, being able to attract, retain and develop high calibre people in what is a global, highly competitive market is vital to the performance of the NZ Super Fund.

To ensure our organisational health and capability we aim to embed the Guardians' vision, values and culture as a meaningful part of the business; translate business strategies into clear role requirements, accountabilities and competencies; and drive productivity and business performance through compensation, performance management and leadership and coaching programmes.

The Guardians is committed to being a good employer. This includes offering equal employment opportunities (EEO) to prospective and existing staff, and recognising the employment aims of Māori, ethnic minorities, women and people with disabilities.

All staff are employed on individual contracts and are able to be involved in the development of our good employer and EEO programmes. They also have the opportunity to provide input into our Human Resources Policy and approach.

We believe that being a good employer will help us achieve our long-term business goals. To us, being a good employer means

that our people enjoy and feel safe in their workplace; trust the processes and procedures around their development, recognition, promotion and exit; and are enthused and professionally satisfied by their roles.

What does success look like in 2026?

- Strong leadership throughout the Guardians
- Culture and values strongly defined and identified with
- Focus on talent development and staff retention
- Diversity and inclusiveness policies firmly embedded

What does success look like over the long-term?

- Team size remains fit for purpose and activity
- Balance of general and specific skills
- Motivated staff with Guardians organisational 'buy in' achieved through development & talent programmes (secondments, internal transfers, internships); clarity about our employee value proposition
- Single team approach, culture and values strongly defined and identified with

ENTERPRISE EXCELLENCE

The Guardians' Target Operating Model sets out how we will continue to build agile and scalable systems.

We seek to implement best practice investment and operational processes and work flows, and to have a high degree of transparency over our organisation and activities.

We actively seek opportunities to measurably improve our investment practices. We benchmark ourselves globally.

What does success look like in 2026?

- Frameworks and processes are embedded and guide efficient operations by managing uncertainties and simplifying decisions
- Frameworks and processes are scalable and flexible to accommodate new initiatives and products

What does success look like over the long-term?

Embed ongoing innovation and leverage technology

TRUSTED AND RESPECTED

For a small, geographically isolated fund like ours, partnerships and engagement with stakeholders offers a range of strategic benefits. The benefits of nurturing our relationships in New Zealand include wider stakeholder knowledge of and support for the Guardians' activities and purpose.

Globally, these relationships aid in establishing, maintaining and benchmarking against international best practice.

What does success look like over the long-term?

- Operational independence
- Wide stakeholder communication and collaboration
- Strong trust between Guardians and Government, based on agreed monitoring benchmarks, collaboration and deep Treasury / Guardians relationship
- Wide knowledge of NZ Super Fund's purpose, endowments and activities
- Role of Guardians in the context of the Crown understood

Outcome Framework

Te Anga Putanga

The NZ Super Fund's ultimate outcome is to reduce the tax burden on future New Zealand taxpayers arising from the cost of New Zealand Superannuation.

This is a long-term outcome, the results of which will not begin to be realised until around 2035, when withdrawals from the NZ Super Fund are projected to begin.

In the short and medium term, we focus on facilitating this outcome by investing the NZ Super Fund on a commercial, prudent basis and in a manner consistent with:

- best practice portfolio management;
- maximising return without undue risk to the Fund as a whole; and
- avoiding prejudice to New Zealand's reputation as a responsible member of the world community.

Our output is managing the NZ Super Fund. This involves business-as-usual work programmes covering:

- investment;
- cost control;
- · risk management;
- governance; and
- · organisational capability.

Under each work programme we have identified relevant Strategic Plan objectives and linked activities to focus and prioritise our efforts over the next five years.

Successfully implementing the Strategic Plan-aligned activities will help us to achieve our goal: to maximise the NZ Super Fund's return over the long-term, without undue risk, so as to reduce future New Zealanders' tax burden. It is important to understand that achieving this outcome is not a simple success/ fail equation. This is why we have such a strong emphasis on innovation and benchmarking against global practice.

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES:

Annual Statement of Performance Expectations

WORK PROGRAMMES - ACTIVITIES/OUTPUT:

- Investment
- Cost control
- Risk management
- Governance
- Organisational Capability

OUTPUT:

· Managing the Fund

GUARDIANS' AND FUND EXPECTATIONS:

- Maximising return without undue risk, to reduce the tax burden on future New Zealand taxpayers of the cost of New Zealand Superannuation as measured, over rolling 20 year periods, by heating:
 - the 90-day Treasury Bill rate by at least 2.8% p.a.;
 - the Fund's Reference Portfolio or passive benchmark

Measuring our Performance

Te Ine i ngā Mahi

EXPLANATION OF PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Outcome measures - progress towards our ultimate goal Long-term context

On current Treasury projections the Government will not begin capital withdrawals from the NZ Super Fund until 2035, and the Fund will not peak in size until the 2070s - some 50 years from now.

Setting targets in a five-year Statement of Intent for the longterm outcome of the NZ Super Fund presents a challenge.

However, the NZ Super Fund has now been invested since September 2003, and there is considerable interest in its progress. This Statement of Intent sets out short, medium and long-term performance measures against which New Zealanders can track the NZ Super Fund's progress.

These one, 10 and 20 year performance measures relate to the NZ Super Fund's performance and its volatility over time. They are specific and quantitative. We will report on performance against each measure in the Statement of Performance section of the Annual Report.

90-day Treasury Bills measure

It is our expectation, given our mandate and hence portfolio construction, that the NZ Super Fund will return at least the 90-day Treasury Bill rate + 2.8% p.a. over any 20-year moving average period. This expectation is based on the long-run equilibrium return assumption for each asset class within the NZ Super Fund.

It is important to understand that the 90-day Treasury Bill rate + 2.8% is not a target to be hit precisely - rather, it is a long-term performance expectation that we aim to exceed by as much as possible.

We prefer to work to an expectation rather than a target so as to avoid any short-term incentive to simply add risk to the NZ Super Fund if expected returns are low, i.e. increasing risk when returns are least rewarding - and vice versa.

90-day Treasury Bills, which are wholesale debt securities issued by the Crown, are an appropriate measure of the NZ Super Fund's performance. This is because they proxy the cost to the Government of contributing capital to the NZ Super Fund instead of using the money to retire debt, and are seen as the most risk free asset.

Over time, the NZ Super Fund is expected to earn more for the Government in investment returns than it would save in debt servicing i.e. the NZ Super Fund is expected to add to Crown wealth, thereby enhancing the ability of future governments to meet increased superannuation costs.

Reference Portfolio measure

We also use a Reference Portfolio, which is set by the Guardians' Board, to benchmark the performance of the NZ Super Fund's actual investment portfolio and the value we are adding.

The Reference Portfolio, which is capable of meeting the NZ Super Fund's objectives over time, is a shadow or notional portfolio of passive, low-cost, listed investments suited to the NZ Super Fund's long-term investment horizon and risk profile. It has an 80:20 split between growth and fixed income investments and its foreign currency exposures are 100% hedged to the New Zealand dollar.

In our actual portfolio we also include active investment strategies. We invest actively in an effort to enhance our long-term performance: these activities bring a higher expected return and/or offer diversification benefits for the NZ Super Fund, albeit with more complexity and cost. They are consistent with our statutory duty regarding best practice portfolio management, and are based on our investment beliefs and competitive advantages.

The Reference Portfolio (or passive benchmark) is therefore a very clear and pure way for the Guardians to:

- estimate the NZ Super Fund's expected returns;
- benchmark active (value-add) investment returns and costs; and
- be clear on the 'hurdles' for active investments.

The Reference Portfolio is not 'set and forget', as its asset classes and risk-return composition can change over time, for example, if:

- assumptions about long-term risk-return attributes of asset classes change; or
- aspects of the NZ Super Fund's purpose or endowments (e.g. our long-term horizon) change; or

 market developments mean that a narrower or wider set of representative market exposures can be accessed passively and at a low cost.

The Reference Portfolio is therefore reviewed on a periodic basis and at a minimum every five years. The Reference Portfolio was last reviewed in 2020. The review included a stocktake of our investment beliefs as well as the costs of operating the Reference Portfolio, the latter being a yardstick for the value we add.

Volatility measure - potential Reference Portfolio loss in a 1-in-100 year event

Financial market returns are inherently volatile, moving up and down over time as they are regularly re-priced.

In any given period actual returns will fall somewhere within a wide range of possible returns. Over longer horizons, however, the underlying economic drivers tend to determine returns.

All investors must therefore consider the trade-off between market price risk and economic return, factoring in considerations such as their particular investment timeframe and the potential need to convert assets quickly into cash (liquidity needs).

Accordingly, in establishing the Reference Portfolio, the Guardians' Board weighs up expected returns against the risks (such as equity risk and short-term price volatility) that come with different combinations of assets. The resulting combination of risk and return is that which the Board thinks best meets the Guardians' statutory obligation to maximise returns without undue risk to the NZ Super Fund as a whole. The Board has settled on a Reference Portfolio with an 80:20 split between growth and fixed income assets.

In order to measure the market price risk carried by the Reference Portfolio, we estimate the lowest percentile expected return within different time periods. By this, we mean the amount of value the NZ Super Fund could lose in a 1-in-100 year event (or, to put it another way, there is a 1% chance of the NZ Super Fund losing this amount of value or more within the specified time period). If losses of this magnitude were to happen more often than expected, then either a rarer-than-expected event has occurred, or we have taken more risk than we assumed.

When we add assets to the NZ Super Fund's portfolio beyond what is in the Reference Portfolio, we fund those investments by selling 'proxies' - an equivalent mixture of equities and bonds that reflect the risk characteristics of the assets we are adding. In this way, the overall risk of the Fund's actual portfolio (before our tilting positions) is maintained at approximately the same level as the Reference Portfolio.

WHAT IS 'PASSIVE' INVESTMENT?

Passive management or 'index tracking' is a style of investment management through which a fund's portfolio mirrors a market index. Stocks move in and out of the portfolio according to their market capitalisation rather than through active investment decisions.

WHAT IS 'ACTIVE' INVESTMENT?

Active investment management is where a fund's manager attempts to beat the market through various investing strategies and buying/selling decisions. Active managers rely on analytic research, forecasts and their own judgement and experience in making investment decisions. Active investment strategies are more complex and expensive to implement than passive management. Predicting short-term financial market returns with useful accuracy over shorter periods is difficult. Making predictions with absolute confidence for a one-year period is impossible. We therefore employ our equilibrium expectations of the Reference Portfolio as the basis for the expected outcomes in the Statement of Intent.

| Horizon | 1-Year | 10-Year | 20-Year |
|---|---|---|---|
| Where reported | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2022 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2031 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2041 Annual Report |
| Reference Portfolio returns above 90- day Treasury Bills (per annum) | | | |
| Expected outcome | 2.8% p.a. | 2.8% p.a. | 2.8% p.a. |
| Actual Fund returns above Reference Portfolio (per annum, net of costs) | | | |
| Expected outcome | 1.0% p.a. | 1.0% p.a. | 1.0% p.a. |
| In a 1-in-100 year event, potential Reference Portfolio loss is equal to or worse than: | | | |
| Expected outcome | -30.5% p.a. | -5.9% p.a. | -1.7% p.a. |

Output measures - managing the NZ Super Fund

In this section we set out how we will measure our success in delivering the five work programmes through which we manage the NZ Super Fund (investment, cost control, risk, governance and organisational capability) over one, 10 and 20 year periods.

Where possible we look to obtain assessments of our performance from independent third parties and global experts in fund benchmarking.

For specific activities we expect to achieve on an annual basis, see the relevant Statement of Performance Expectations.

We report on our performance against these measures in the Statement of Performance section of the Annual Report.

Investment Work Programme

We measure the delivery of the investment work programme via the outcome measures recorded above.

Cost Control Work Programme

Cost control is central to the achievement of our mission to maximise returns without undue risk. Striking the right balance between minimising cost and implementing investment strategies that will add the most risk-adjusted value to the NZ Super Fund over the long-term is critical to achieving our mission.

| Horizon | 1-Year | 10-Year | 20-Year |
|------------------|---|--|--|
| Where reported | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2022 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2031 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2041 Annual Report |
| Cost measure | We participate in one of the most widely used and comprehensive financial benchmarking services available globally - the annual value-add and cost benchmarking survey by CEM Benchmarking Inc. (CEM). CEM assesses the cost and return performance of the Fund against more than 270 funds from around the world, focusing on 19 that are of a similar size. The results of each CEM survey are published in our Annual Report and on www.nzsuperfund.nz. Relevant activities are reported in each year's Statement of Performance Expectations. | | |
| Expected outcome | On a rolling five-year basis: median value-adding or better compared to our CEM peer group; with costs below the CEM-calculated cost-benchmark. | | |
| | 31 | value-adding investment strategies. Su | k a good balance between minimising cceeding in this area will result in better |

Risk Management Work Programme

On page 4 we explained how the Act requires that the Guardians undertake best-practice portfolio management, maximise returns without undue risk, and avoid prejudice to New Zealand's reputation as a responsible member of the world community.

In order to help meet those requirements we have adopted:

- a commitment to being as transparent as commercially possible about our investment process and organisation in general;
- a commitment to exercising best practice portfolio management and to benchmarking ourselves globally; and
- a strong focus on responsible investment and the management of environmental, social and governance risks

| Horizon | 1-Year | 10-Year | 20-Year | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Where reported | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2022 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2031 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2041 Annual Report | |
| In a 1-in-100 year event, potential Reference Portfolio loss is equal to or greater than: | As per Outcome Measure – see pa | ge 11 for a full explanation. | | |
| Expected outcome | -30.5% | -5.9% p.a. | -1.7% p.a. | |
| Transparency ratings over time | the NZ Super Fund is performing, a requirement for the Guardians, give Act, and other New Zealand legisla | and our organisation in general. Tra | Entities Act, the Official Information equirement under our own Act to | |
| | It is also critical to maintaining organisational credibility and stakeholder confidence in the Guardian the NZ Super Fund. We therefore aim to keep our stakeholders as informed as possible about what wand how we do it. | | | |
| Expected 10 out of 10 (100%) in the quarterly rating of Sovereign Wealth Fund transparency published outcome Sovereign Wealth Fund Institute; top quartile or higher in other relevant rating mechanisms published on www.nzsuperfund.nz.* | | | | |
| | To achieve a rating of 10/10 in the Sovereign Wealth Fund Institute Transparency Index, a fund makes a range of information about its operations and performance publicly available, including: | | | |
| | | ory, including reason for creation, origins of wealth and government ownership structure; | | |
| up-to-date, independently audited annual reports; ownership percentage of company holdings, and geographic locations of holdings; | | | ions of holdings: | |
| | total portfolio market value, returns and management compensation; | | | |
| • guidelines in reference to ethical standards, investment policies and enforcer of guidelines; | | d enforcer of guidelines; | | |
| | clear strategies and objectives;subsidiaries and contact inform | ation, if applicable; | | |
| | • external managers, if applicable | | | |
| Best practice operations – annual New Zealand is a member country of the International Forum of Sovereign Wealth Funds (IFSW voluntary group of sovereign wealth funds established under the auspices of the International Fund. The IFSWF's goals are for sovereign wealth funds to: | | | | |
| updating of the Guardians' | help maintain a stable global file | nancial system and free flow of cap | ital and investment; | |
| response to the 'Santiago | | | n the countries in which they invest; | |
| Principles' | | : and financial risk and return-relate I sound governance structure that p | | |
| | controls, risk management, and | | | |
| | The Santiago Principles are a set of 24 voluntary IFSWF guidelines that assign best practices for the operations of sovereign wealth funds. The principles recognise that it is important for sovereign wealth funds to demonstrate to their home countries, to the countries in which they are invested, and to the international financial markets in general, that they are properly established and that their investments are | | | |

| Horizon | 1-Year | 10-Year | 20-Year |
|---|---|--|---|
| | practice for sovereign wealt | | es monitor three important areas of operational k, the institutional framework, and the governance nagement. |
| | Members of the IFSWF are ras a whole. | required to undertake a regul | ar review of their implementation of the Principles |
| Expected outcome | | ardians' and NZ Super Fund's rfund.nz and assured by an i | adherence to the Santiago Principles is completed, ndependent third party. |
| | | | iago Compliance Index of sovereign wealth funds' igher ratings in other relevant ratings mechanisms. |
| Responsible Investment – UNPRI Assessment over time* | investment and reputation risk. We believe that enviro fundamental to long-term | risk, and therefore to achievi nmental, social and governa risk and return. For this reaso | is central to the Guardians' ability to manage both ing our goal of maximising returns without undue nce considerations, including climate change, are on we actively manage the long-term risks and e issues present to the NZ Super Fund. |
| | Investment (UNPRI) assessminvestment. Signatories are | nents. The UNPRI is the interi | ual United Nations Principles for Responsible national standard for best practice in responsible ney apply the principles. The assessment processes ing out the principles. |
| | responsible investment prac | ctice. In recent years, investors ohasis on responsible investm | best practice and regional leadership position in s in New Zealand and around the world have begun nent and effective management of environmental, |
| Expected outcome | A or A+ rating for Strategy | and Governance in the annu | ual UNPRI assessment. |
| Responsible Investment – proxy voting reports | policies. They are therefore under our governing legisla | central to our practice of resp | oversight of directors, boards and company consible investment and to meeting our obligations ice portfolio management and managing risk. We regated equity portfolio. |
| | Consistent with our commi www.nzsuperfund.nz on ar | | ublish our proxy voting reports on |
| Expected outcome | Completed and published of | on www.nzsuperfund.nz. | |
| Responsible Investment – annual Responsible Investment reporting | responsible investment. The practice, collaboration and o | ese principles are: integration | tivities against the UNPRI's six principles for n, ownership, disclosure (company reporting), best gainst the Principles is a structured way of providing and outcomes. |
| Expected outcome | Report on responsible investor Responsible Investment | | es annually against the six United Nations Principles |
| | | | |

^{*} or equivalent ratings in equivalent surveys, bearing in mind that over 10- or 20-year periods our preferred survey methodology may change.

Governance Work Programme

| Horizon | 1-Year | 10-Year | 20-Year |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Where reported | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2022 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2031 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2041 Annual Report |
| Independent reviews | Our Act requires that an independent review of how effectively and efficiently the Guardians is performing its function is carried out every five years. The Minister of Finance sets the terms of reference for the review, which is conducted by an independent body appointed by the Minister. The report is then presented to Parliament. | | |
| | The Guardians has had three reviews since inception; all are published on www.nzsuperfund.nz. | | |
| Expected outcome | Ongoing good reviews in the five-yearly independent review, with our responses published on www.nzsuperfund.nz. | | |
| | By good review we mean that no r Guardians' functions are identified. | naterial concerns about the effective | and efficient performance of the |

Organisational Capability Work Programme

Workplace culture is a significant and important challenge for the financial services industry globally. At the Guardians, we strive for a positive workplace culture.

A positive workplace culture assists our efforts to gain a competitive advantage over other investors by building and

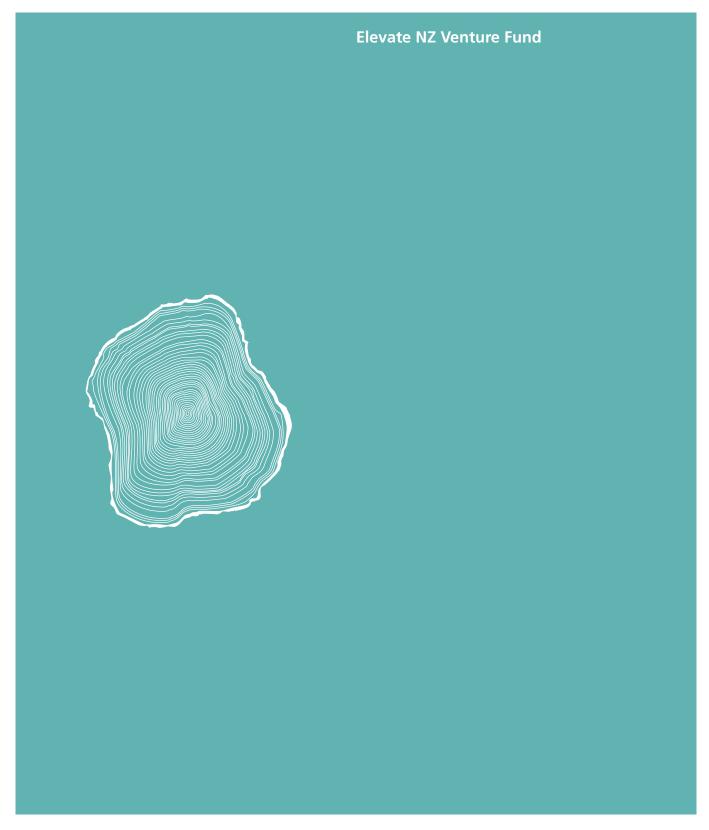
retaining a great team. Equally, high quality leadership, strong engagement and a 'whole of Fund' culture are critical to ensuring we are making the best possible investment decisions across the organisation.

This is especially important as the Guardians grow. Therefore, we place a strong emphasis on creating a constructive and collaborative working culture.

| Horizon | 1-Year | 10-Year | 20-Year |
|--|---|--|---|
| Where reported | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2022 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2031 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2041 Annual Report |
| Developing and maintaining a constructive workplace culture | Culture plays a significant role in keeping staff engaged, with implications for financial performance, recruitment, retention and ethical behaviour. | | |
| Expected outcome | | rk in the Human Synergistics OEI Su nstructive Styles, and below the 50 th | rvey, which translates to averaging percentile for both sets of Defensive |

^{*} or equivalent ratings in equivalent surveys, bearing in mind that over 10- or 20- year periods our preferred survey methodology may change.

02



Introduction

He Kupu Whakataki

The Venture Capital Fund Act 2019 (VCF Act) established the Elevate NZ Venture Fund, which is designed to increase the amount of venture capital available to New Zealand entities over time and, in so doing, develop New Zealand's venture capital markets.

The Elevate NZ Venture Fund is entirely separate to the NZ Super Fund. As anticipated in the legislation, the Guardians has appointed New Zealand Growth Capital Partners Limited (NZGCP) as the external manager for the fund, using a fund-of-funds model.

The Elevate NZ Venture Fund consists of \$259.5 million of initial contributions. The Government expects to make further contributions, such that total contributions to the fund are \$300 million over time.

It is expected to take around five years to commit the Elevate NZ Venture Fund's capital to underlying funds, which will in turn deploy their funds over their investment periods. The Elevate NZ Venture Fund will receive capital returns as underlying funds gradually exit investments. Some of this capital may be recycled to support existing investments and new fund vintages. The Elevate NZ Venture Fund may be unwound in the future where the Government follows a specified process and determines that adequate capital is available to New Zealand's venture capital market from other sources. This is not expected to occur until a minimum of 15 years from commencement.

The Elevate NZ Venture Fund was created to increase the venture capital available to New Zealand entities and, by doing this, develop New Zealand's early stage capital markets so that they function more effectively. Over time, it is expected that more venture capital will become available to New Zealand entities from sources other than the fund, and New Zealand entities that receive venture capital will become more likely to grow into successful and sustainable businesses and the early-stage ecosystem will develop. This is the Elevate NZ Venture Fund's long-term outcome.

The VCF Act requires us to invest the Elevate NZ Venture Fund in New Zealand's venture capital markets using best-practice investment management that is appropriate for institutional investment in those markets. We must also manage the fund in a manner consistent with:

- the Ministerial Policy Statement which sets out critical parameters as to how the Elevate NZ Venture Fund must be managed and invested, and
- avoiding prejudice to New Zealand's reputation as a responsible member of the world community.

The Policy Statement is a critical document, because it is intended to result in achievement of the policy purpose and will directly influence the financial performance of the Elevate NZ Venture Fund.

The parameters contained in the Policy Statement have been set with the intention that if the Guardians manages and administers the Elevate NZ Venture Fund in accordance with them, and where necessary the Government successfully implements of range of ancillary measures to support the further development of New Zealand's venture capital markets, the purpose described above is expected to be achieved.

In this Statement of Intent we frame our output as simply 'managing the funds.' This is also captured in the Outcome Framework on page 9.

Strategic Direction

Te Ahunga Rautaki

The Guardians' role in relation to the Elevate NZ Venture Fund is one of governance and oversight.

The VCF Act required the Guardians to appoint NZGCP as the external manager using a fund-of-funds model.

NZGCP is responsible for selecting, and allocating capital to, fund managers to match private sector investment and to make other investments (e.g. co-investments).

These underlying fund managers will in turn deploy capital to investee entities. Our role is to ensure that NZGCP manages the fund of funds to best practice standards in the context of institutional investment in New Zealand's venture capital markets and in accordance with the Policy Statement.

The Guardians has significant experience in working with external managers, as we use external managers to manage substantial investments for the NZ Super Fund. The Guardians' External Investments and Partnerships Team manage a portfolio of more than \$6 billion through external managers.

We ensure a best practice approach through the terms and conditions set out in the management agreement agreed with NZGCP. We monitor the performance of external managers through regular reviews. We have a structured approach to reviewing our conviction in managers. We assess conviction based on:

- The viability, structure and focus of the manager;
- People capabilities of the manager;
- Strength of processes, policies and compliance with the Statement of Investment Policies and Procedures;
- Risk awareness and management;
- The consistency of investment activity with the purpose of the opportunity; and
- Performance.

Where a manager does not meet our conviction standard, we work to ensure that improvements are made and that standards are met over time. Ultimately, if standards are not met, we have the right to terminate the contract with the manager.

Outcome Framework

Te Anga Putanga

The outcome of the Elevate NZ Venture Fund is its contribution to a sustainable and productive New Zealand economy.

This is to be achieved through:

- Increased venture capital available to New Zealand entities
- More self-sustaining venture capital markets
- Successful and sustainable New Zealand businesses.

The Guardians is responsible for managing and administering the Elevate NZ Venture Fund, according to the high level policy directions provided in the Policy Statement, and using best-practice investment management that is appropriate for institutional investment in those markets. Managing the Elevate NZ Venture Fund in this manner is our output.

We will deliver on the new mandate by:

- Appointing NZGCP as the external fund manager for the fund:
- Ensuring the management agreement with NZGCP reflects best practice in the context of institutional investment in New Zealand's venture capital markets and the capital allocation requirement contained in the Ministerial Policy Statement;
- Ensuring that information reporting requirements relating to the flow of capital are covered in the management agreement;
- Continuing to monitor the performance of NZGCP; and
- Ensuring compliance with the Statement of Investment Policies, Standards and Procedures.

INPUTS:

- Up to NZD300 million capital contributed over five years
- Institutional capability
- Governance and oversight

OUTPUT:

- Appointment of an external manager
- Managing the Elevate NZ Venture Fund through a fund-of-funds model
- Best practice standards supported in management
- Allocation of capital by the external manager to funds that attract matching private capital
- Funds deployed to New Zealand entities

IMPACTS

- Increased venture capital available to New Zealand entities
- More self-sustaining venture capital markets
- New Zealand entities that grow into successful and sustainable businesses

OUTCOME:

 Contribution to a sustainable and productive New Zealand economy

Measuring our Performance

Te Ine i ngā Mahi

Under the VCF Act the Guardians must invest the Elevate NZ Venture Fund using best-practice investment management that is appropriate for institutional investment in those markets.

The appointment of NZGCP as the external funds manager was required by the VCF Act. The Management Agreement negotiated reflects best practice in the context of institutional investment in New Zealand's venture capital markets. As required in the legislation, the agreement was reviewed by the Minister of Finance before it was signed.

| Horizon | 1-Year | 10-Year | 20-Year |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| Where reported | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2022 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2031 Annual Report | Guardians' Statement of Performance, 2041 Annual Report |
| Manager Monitoring – | nitoring – external investment manager: NZGCP. viction It is our responsibility to manifer their performance in line with the best practice approach we have developed. | | |
| Conviction Review | | | |
| | | | |
| Expected outcome | Successful completion of annual co | nviction review. | |

03



Transparency and Reporting to the Minister

Te Noho Tuwhera me te Tuku Pūrongo ki te Minita

Our stakeholders, including the Minister of Finance, as well as any other interested parties, can access a wealth of current and historical information on www.nzsuperfund.nz.

This information includes detailed historical performance figures for the NZ Super Fund since inception, copies of our media statements, along with speeches and presentations given by Guardians staff.

A range of formal reporting mechanisms are also in place. A Parliamentary Select Committee, the Finance and Expenditure Committee, reviews the Guardians' and Funds' financial disclosures annually.

As a Crown entity we are subject to the Official Information Act 1982 and to other transparency requirements such as Parliamentary Questions.

In addition, the Guardians provides a quarterly report on the progress of the Guardians and the Funds to the Minister of Finance. This sets out the performance of the NZ Super Fund and the Elevate NZ Venture Fund, as well as key investment and other operational developments during the preceding quarter.

In common with other Crown entities, we also receive from the Minister an annual Letter of Expectations. The letter sets out the Minister's expectations for the Guardians for the coming year.

Acquisitions

Ngā Hokonga Mai

In respect of the activities of the Guardians, we have no intention to acquire interests in companies, trusts or partnerships for the benefit of the Guardians. We do, however, undertake such acquisitions as manager and administrator of the Fund, and those interests become the property of the Fund.

Other than the Guardians' ability to control Fund Investment Vehicles in line with section 59A of the New Zealand Superannuation and Retirement Income Act 2001 (NZSRIA) and VCF investment vehicles in line with section 25 of the Venture Capital Fund Act 2019, the Guardians' Board must use its best endeavours to ensure that the Fund does not have control of entities (for example, a company). This requirement is set out more fully in section 59 of the NZSRIA. Consequently, the investment guidelines we have in place with external managers and our other internal policies and procedures contain controls that ensure compliance with this requirement.